FOCUSE LESSONS FROM CHRISTCHURCH COULD BENEFIT KAKOURA

On 14th November 2016 a magnitude 7.8 earthquake struck New Zealand. As has become the norm numerous aftershocks followed, some as large as 6.3 and are now numbering into the thousands. Recent reports from the Reserve Bank of New Zealand, the national insurance regulator, suggest total insured losses of NZD5 billion. Will the lessons of 2010/11 help speed the recovery?

Whilst the loss estimate falls some way short
of the NZD40 billion arising from the 2010
and 2011 earthquakes, damage has still
been extensive. As Thomas Pasley, Executive
Adjuster at Integra Technical Services New
Zealand explained "two weeks after the first
quake, the town of Kaikoura still remained
isolated by road and rail and the disruptive
impact for both people and freight is
significant and will spark many Contingent
Business Interruption (CBI) claims".One of the key findings was the need to reduce
uncertainty, as five years on the rebuild was
still some way from completion. A number
of insurance-related legal issues had been
clarified but the process of resolving disputes
was a factor delaying the settlement of
insurance claims and hindering the pace of
recovery.

significant and will spark many Contingent Business Interruption (CBI) claims". Structural damage to modern buildings that were expected to perform well in a seismic event of this type has sparked a government enquiry. Thomas pointed out that "if damage was due to poor design or construction then parties will be looking to those responsible, sparking a number of general liability and professional negligence claims involving numerous parties". Thomas believes one of the key questions facing the government and insurance industry is "whether the lessons learned from the earthquakes of 2010 and 2011 will lead to a faster rebuild which is key to economic recovery and growth, as it reduces uncertainty and encourages businesses to invest and employ" Thomas confirmed that Integra Technical Services were "playing their role in

sparking a number of general liability and professional negligence claims involving numerous parties". Accepting that New Zealand were prone to earthquakes, in February 2016 a report published by the Reserve Bank of New Zealand considered the successes and complications of the rebuild following the 2010 and 2011 earthquakes in order to improve future resilience to such events.